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10/562,285	12/22/2005	Johannes Joseph Schleipen	NL030750US1	5725
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			YODICHKAS, ANEETA	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/562,285	SCHLEIPEN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Aneeta Yodichkas	2627	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 № 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	0.5		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and accomposed accomposed and accomposed accomposed and accomposed accomposed accomposed accomposed and accomposed accom	cepted or b) objected to by the lead rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 7-11, and 13-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,675,599 to *Abe et al*.

As to **claims 1** and 7, *Abe* discloses a method of controlling a diode laser device which is operable to receive a control signal and to output an optical signal when the control signal exceeds a threshold value, and a method of controlling a diode laser device in an optical system, the system including a laser diode device a controller, wherein the laser diode device is operable to receive a control signal from the controller and to output an optical signal when the control signal exceeds a threshold value, the methods comprising acts of: supplying, to the diode laser device as the control signal and at a predetermined turn-on time, a write bias signal having a value which exceeds the threshold value, wherein the threshold value is a lasing threshold for the diode laser device (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42, column 4, lines 5-8), where the write bias signal is the bias electric current being larger than the corresponding current to the threshold voltage, and supplying to the diode laser device, as the control signal (1) and at a predefined time before the predetermined turn-on time, a pre- bias signal, which has a magnitude less than the threshold value and extends for a time period to immediately

before the write bias signal (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-44), where electric input signal (1) is supplied before the write bias signal, wherein the predefined time (T_d), magnitude, and time period of the pre-bias signal are selected to tune an output power profile of the output optical signal to a desired profile (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the delay time (T_d) is the predefined time, the magnitude is the current value, and the time period is the start time to the delay time (T_d).

As to **claims 2 and 8**, *Abe* discloses the method, wherein the pre-bias signal (1) comprises a series of pre-bias pulses, having respective predefined times, magnitudes and extents, which are selected to tune the output optical signal to have a desired power profile (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where electric input signal (1) is a series of pulses.

As to **claims 3 and 9**, *Abe* discloses the method, wherein the pre-bias signal (1) is a stepped value (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where electric input signal (1) is a series of steps.

As to **claims 4 and 10**, *Abe* discloses the method, wherein the predetermined turn-on time is defined by a clock signal (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where electric input signal (1) is a uniform pulse waveform, which is a clock signal.

As to **claims 5 and 11**, *Abe* discloses the method, wherein the predetermined turn-on time is determined by a required output power profile of the output optical signal (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the turn on time is determined by the value of bias current (I_b).

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As to **claim 13**, Abe discloses an optical system comprising, a controller operable to output a control signal (1) (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where the electric input signal (1) is set from a controller; and a laser diode device operable to receive a control signal from the controller, and to output an optical signal when the control signal exceeds a threshold value, wherein the controller is operable to output to the laser diode device, as the control signal and at a predetermined turn-on time, a write bias signal having a value which exceeds the threshold value to the laser diode device, wherein the threshold value is a lasing threshold for the diode laser device (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42, column 4, lines 5-8), where the write bias signal is the bias electric current being larger than the corresponding current to the threshold voltage, and wherein the controller is operable to output to the laser diode device, as the control signal (1) and before the predetermined turn-on time, a pre-bias signal to the laser diode device, which pre-bias signal has a magnitude less than the threshold value and extends for a time period to immediately before the write bias signal (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-44), where electric input signal (1) is supplied before the write bias signal, wherein the predefined time (T_d), magnitude, and time period of the pre-bias signal are selected to tune an output power profile of the output optical signal to a desired profile (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the delay time (T_d) is the predefined time, the magnitude is the current value, and the time period is the start time to the delay time (T_d) .

As to **claim 14**, *Abe* discloses the optical system, wherein the controller is operable to supply a pre-bias signal comprising a series of pre-bias pulses, having

respective predefined times, magnitudes and extents, which are selected to tune the output optical signal to have a desired power profile (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the delay time (T_d) is the predefined time, the magnitude is the current value, and the time period is the start time to the delay time (T_d).

As to **claim 15**, *Abe* discloses the optical system, wherein the controller is operable to supply a multi-valued pre-bias signal (1) to the laser diode device (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where electric input signal (1) is multi-valued.

As to **claim 16**, *Abe* discloses the optical system, wherein the controller is operable to output to the laser diode device as the control signal and before the predetermined turn-on time, a pre-bias signal, which has a value less than the threshold value, and is defined by a clock signal of the system (Fig. 1, column 2, lines 41-42), where electric input signal (1) is the control signal which is a pulsed waveform, or clock signal.

As to **claim 17**, *Abe* discloses the optical system, wherein the controller is operable to output to the laser diode device as the control signal and before the predetermined turn-on time, a pre-bias signal which has a value less than the threshold value, wherein the controller is operable to determine the predetermined turn-on time by a required output power profile of the output optical signal (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the turn on time is determined by the value of bias current (I_b).

As to **claim 18**, *Abe* discloses the optical system, wherein the controller is operable to output to the laser diode device as the control signal and before the predetermined turn-on time, a pre-bias signal which has a value less than the threshold

value, wherein the controller is operable to determine the value of the pre-bias signal by a required output power profile of the output optical signal (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the bias current (I_b) is based on the relationship between delay time and threshold and laser diode current.

As to **claims 19 and 20**, *Abe* discloses the method, comprising an act of selecting adjusting values of the predefined time (T_d) , magnitude, and time period of the pre-bias signal for tuning the output power profile of the output optical signal (Fig. 4(a) and 4(b), column 3, lines 26-38), where the delay time (T_d) is the predefined time, the magnitude is the current value, and the time period is the start time to the delay time (T_d) .

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 6 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,675,599 to *Abe et al.* in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,815,477 to *Kimura et al.*

As to **claims 6 and 12**, *Abe* is deficient in disclosing the method, wherein the predefined time, magnitude, and time period of the pre- bias signal are selected for tuning a position of the output optical signal to coincide with a channel bit clock of an optical recording system.

However, *Kimura* discloses the method, wherein the predefined time, magnitude, and time period of the pre- bias signal are selected for tuning a position of the output optical signal to coincide with a channel bit clock of an optical recording system (Fig. 14, column 11, lines 42-60), where cycle time (T_p) is the time, the magnitude is the level of the power levels, and the time periods are T_{fb} and T_{rb} .

At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skilled in the art to have modified the method of controlling a diode laser as taught by *Abe* by including the laser diode in an optical system as taught by *Kimura*. The suggestion/motivation would have been in order to reproduce the recorded information on the optical disc (Kimura, column 1, lines 40-42).

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aneeta Yodichkas whose telephone number is (571) 272-9773. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8-5, alternating Fridays, 8-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrea Wellington can be reached on (571) 272-4483. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Jorge L Ortiz-Criado/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2627

/A.Y./ 5/14/09